







Oceans Economy and Sustainability

"Sea Change: Socio-Economic & Sustainability Goals in National Ocean Strategies"

Workshop

André Share Oceans Economy Secretariat

10 April 2018





"States have the right to exploit their natural resources pursuant their environmental policies and in accordance with their duty to protect and preserve the marine environment"

.....UNCLOS





2050 Africa's Integrated Maritime (AIM) Strategy......a comprehensive plan that aims to "foster more wealth creation from Africa's oceans, seas and inland water ways by developing a thriving maritime economy and realising the full potential of sea-based activities in an environmentally sustainable manner".



Section 24 of the Constitution enshrines the right to – the Environment

Everyone has the right:

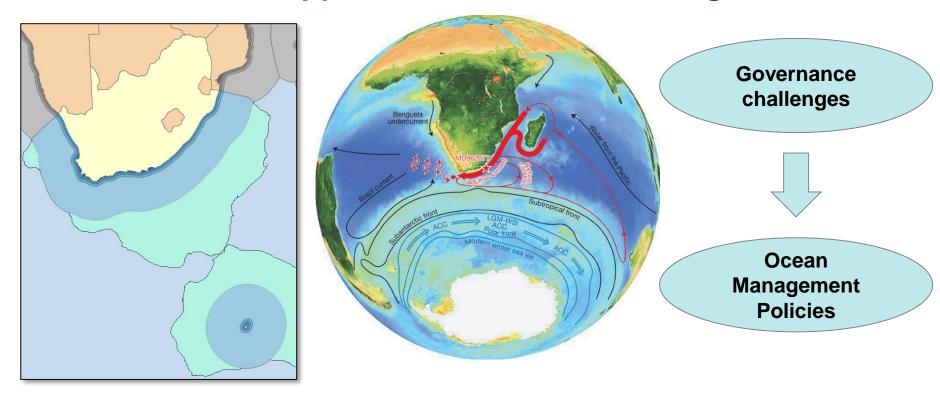
- to an environment that is not harmful to their health or wellbeing; and
- to have the environment protected, for the benefit of present and future generations, through reasonable legislative and other measures that —
- prevent pollution and ecological degradation;
- promote conservation; and
- secure ecologically sustainable development and use of natural resources while promoting justifiable economic and social development.

National Environmental Management of the Oceans

Guiding Principles

- The sustainable use and management of ocean resources and ecosystem services in order to benefit present and future generations.
- The **protection of biodiversity** in the ocean environment and the conservation of marine ecosystems.
- The application of the precautionary approach to sustainable use and conservation.
- The prevention, avoidance and mitigation of pollution and adherence to the polluter pays principle.
- The **strengthening of human capacity** to deal with a changing environment, including the impacts of climate change such as increases in sea-surface temperature, sea-level rise and ocean acidification.
- The identification of opportunities which contribute to the development needs of the poor and vulnerable within the population thus ensuring human dignity.
- The promotion of collaboration and cooperative governance
- The promotion of an ecosystem and earth system approach to ocean management.

- South Africa is surrounded by a vast ocean space untapped potential providing connectivity and opportunities.
- How do ensure integrated and sustainable management and maximise opportunities for economic growth



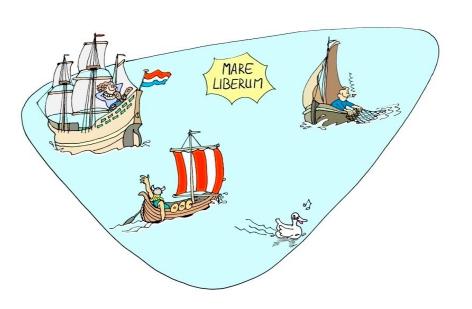
Challenge: Knowledge / Information / Data

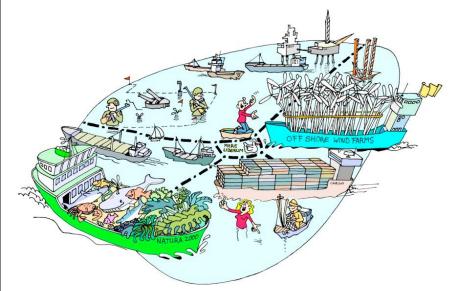
- importance of Research

PHAKISA

Challenge – multiple use of the ocean space





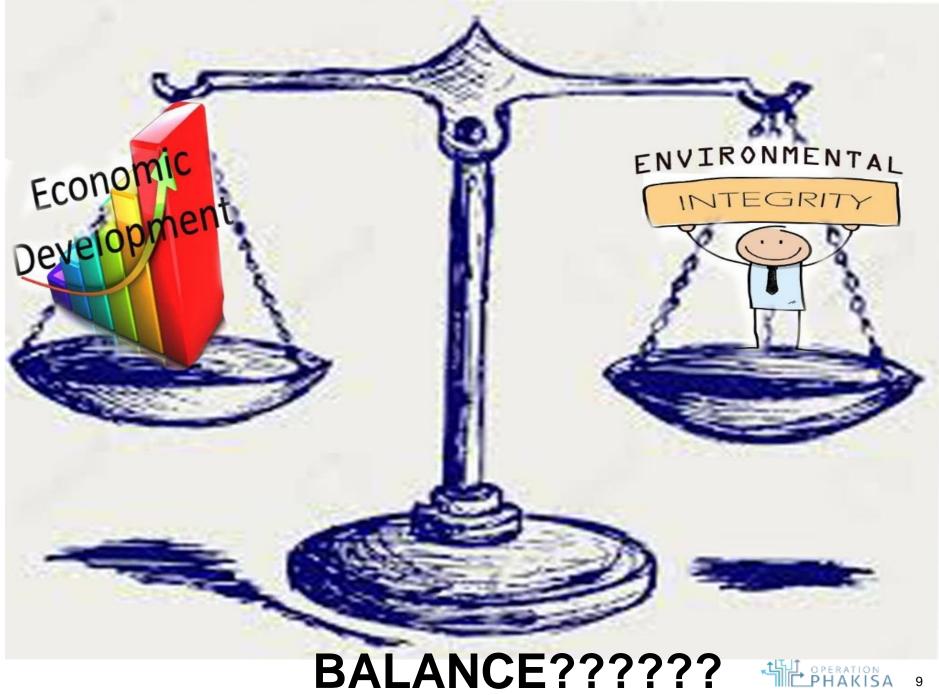


- Marine Spatial Planning governance process of collaboratively assessing and managing the spatial and temporal distribution of human activities to achieve economic, social and ecological objectives.
- Shared vision for Marine Spatial Planning in South Africa is:
 "A productive, healthy and safe ocean that is accessible, understood, equitably governed and sustainably developed and managed for the benefit of all."



Youth unemployment: approx. 52%









Unlocking the Economic Potential of South Africa's Oceans

Premised on the principles of Sustainable Development

Nine Sectors were analysed for growth potential.

Total

• Estimated GDP contribution: R129 to R177 billion (1 million jobs) (2033) compared to a GDP of R54 billion (2010 study); 316 000 direct jobs.

GDP, R bn Jobs, 000 2010 2033 CAGR, % 2010 2033 Marine transport and manufacturing 16 42-61 6% 15 40-56 15 4% 90 150-225 **Tourism** 25-35 0.8-1.2 11-17 9% Offshore oil and gas 4 0.4 20-21 4% 162 390-407 Construction 8 Renewable energy 14-17 25% 0 0.9-1.1 0 170-250 Fisheries and aquaculture 10-16 4% 30 Communication 7-10 4% 19 35-52 **Desalination** 1% 0 0.1 - 0.11.6-1.6 0 0 **TBD TBD** Marine protection services 0

129-177

54

788-1 004

316

OPERATION PHAKISA: OCEANS ECONOMY

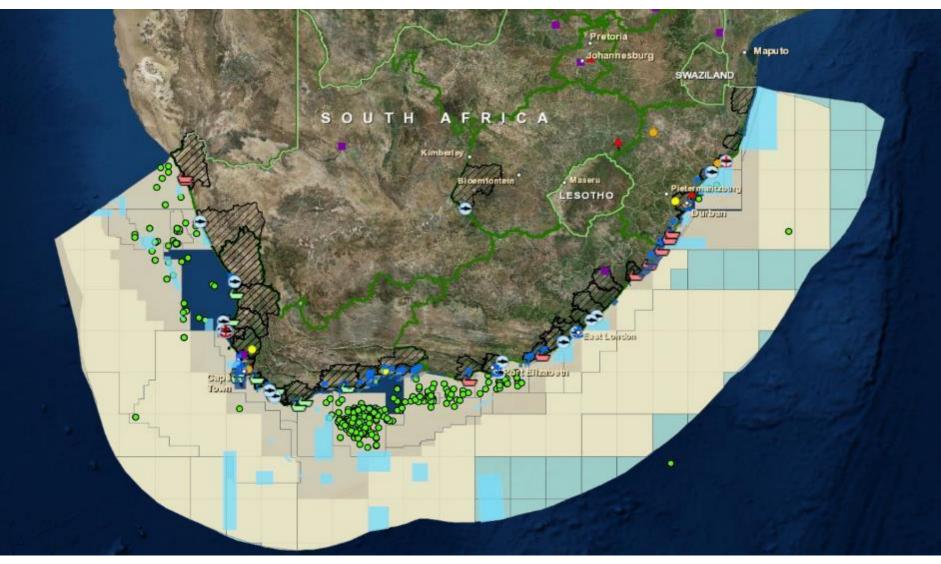
DEA, DPME, DOT, DPE, DTI, DMR, DOE, DAFF, DST, DHET, DPW, DRDLR, DOL, DHA, NT, DSBD, DOD, EDD, DOW, NDT, DIRCO, DBE, DWS, Provinces

OCEANS ECONOMY FOCUS AREAS AND ENABLERS

- Marine Transport and Manufacturing
- Offshore Oil and Gas
- Aquaculture
 - **Marine Protection Services and Ocean**
- Governance
 - Small Harbours and Coastal Development
 - **Coastal and Marine Tourism**
 - Skills Development and Capacity Building
 - Research, Technology and Innovation

It is estimated that the oceans economy has the potential to contribute up to R177 billion to Gross **Domestic Product** (GDP) by 2033 (compared to R54 billion in 2010) and create approximately 1 million jobs (compared to 316 000 in 2010).

OPERATION PHAKISA: OCEANS ECONOMY FOOTPRINT



Critical consideration:

- SMME development
- Inclusion of vulnerable groups (women, youth and people with disabilities)
- Transformation

OCEANS ECONOMY IMPACT

Total Investment: R25.5 billion (Government and private sector)

Total Jobs: 6 535 jobs.

(excluding multipliers)

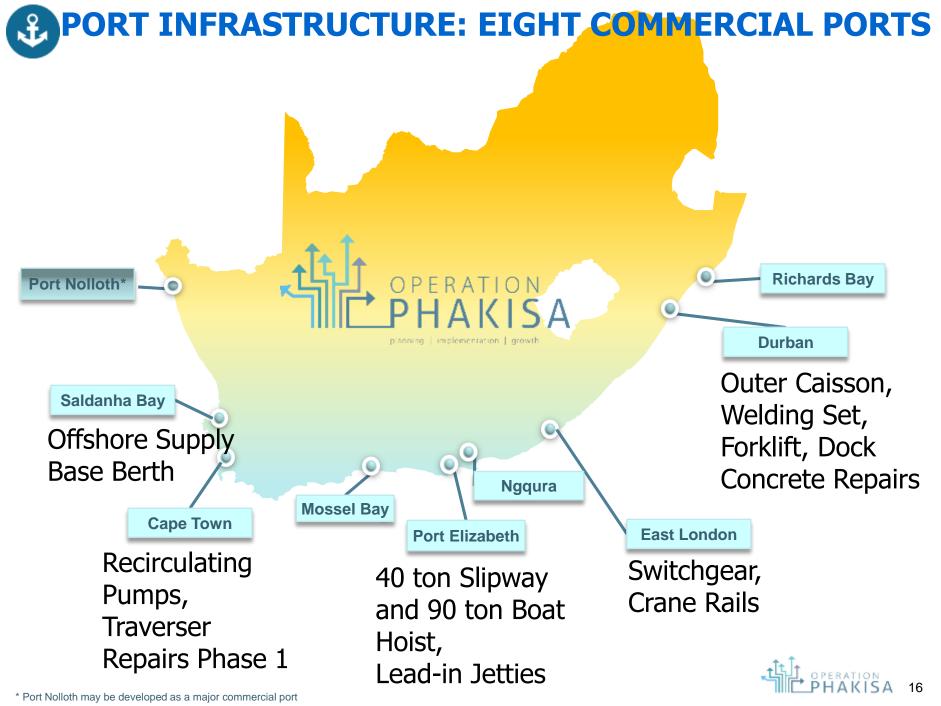
Significant investments in **infrastructure development** (ports), marine **manufacturing**(boatbuilding), **aquaculture** and **seismic surveys** in the oil and gas sector.







Marine Transport and Manufacturing



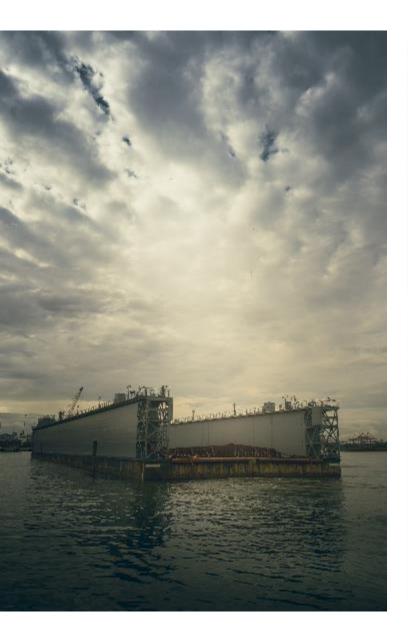


PORT OF DURBAN: DRY DOCK CAISSON





THE DORMAC SHIP-REPAIR FACILITY AT THE PORT OF DURBAN









SLIPWAY REFURBISHMENT AND LEAD-IN JETTIES AND BOAT HOIST – PORT OF PORT ELIZABETH









MARINE TRANSPORT AND MANUFACTURING HIGHLIGHTS

TNPA and Oiltanking Grindrod Calulo Terminals has signed the Terminal Operator Agreement (concession) to fund, build, own, operate and transfer the new Liquid Fuels Terminal at the Port of Nggura.



BURGAN CAPE TERMINALS FUEL STORAGE FACILITY – PORT OF CAPE TOWN





















MARINE TRANSPORT AND MANUFACTURING HIGHLIGHTS

TNPA awarded preferred bidder status to KwaZulu Cruise Terminal (Pty) Ltd to fund, build, operate and transfer the **Durban Cruise Terminal**.

The right to fund, build and operate the **Cape Town Cruise Terminal** has been awarded to the V&A Waterfront (Pty) Ltd.



PORT OF CAPE TOWN - CRUISE TERMINAL

PORT OF SALDANHA



UPGRADE OF GENERAL MAINTENANCE QUAY





The Company SALDEHCO was appointed as a preferred bidder for Offshore Supply Base.

Construction on the development of the Sunrise Energy Liquid Petroleum Gas (LPG) Facility in Saldanha Bay has been completed and the Terminal is operational.

MANUFACTURING

SOUTHERN AFRICAN SHIPYARDS - DURBAN



NAUTIC - CAPE TOWN



OFFSHORE DIAMOND MINING VESSELS - CAPE TOWN







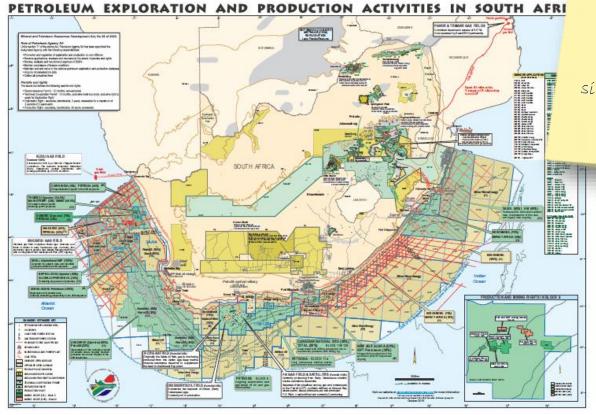
Offshore Oil and Gas

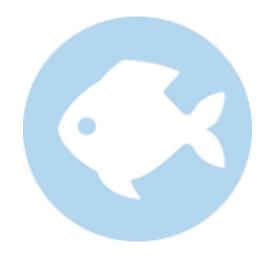


OFFSHORE OIL & GAS - POTENTIAL

South Africa has possible resources of ~9 bn barrels of oil and ~60 tcf of gas offshore, but uncertainty is high.

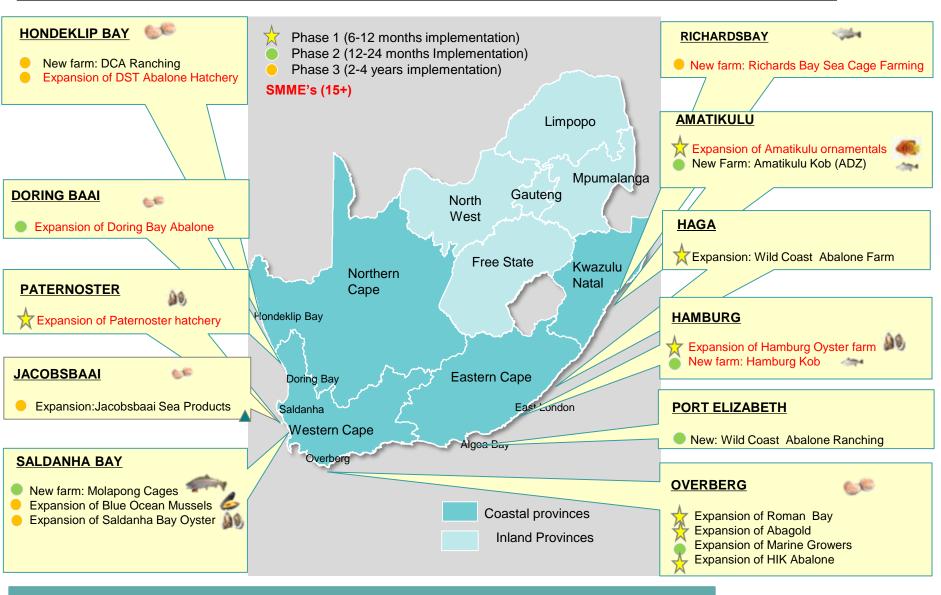
The aspiration is to create an environment that promotes exploration while simultaneously maximising the benefits for South Africa.





Aquaculture

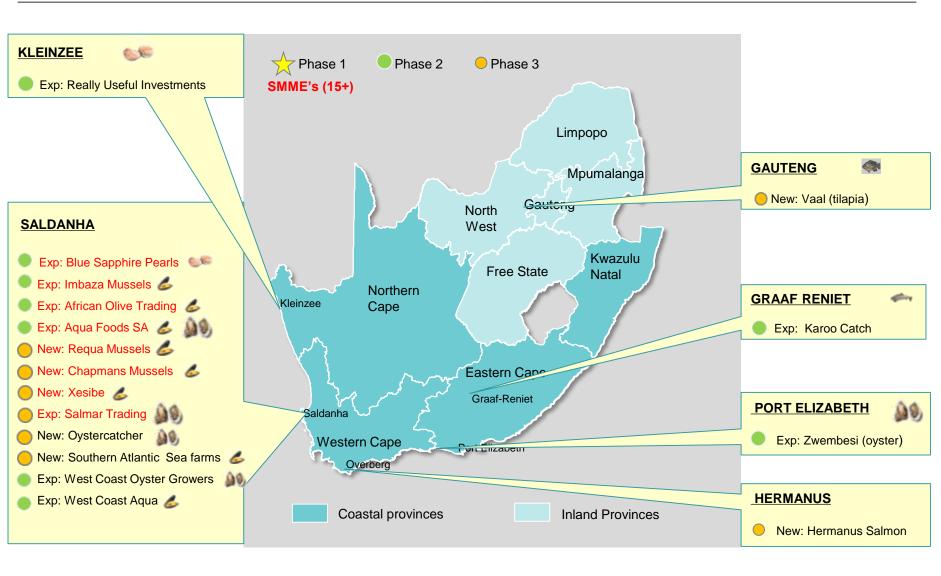
LOCATION AND SPECIES OF 24 ORIGINAL AQUACULTURE PROJECTS



5 projects removed, placed onto business opportunities
Ventersdorp Catfish, ADZ Ventersdorp, Algoa Bay Yellowtail, Oceanwise ELIDZ and Southern Atlantic

PHAKISA

LOCATION AND SPECIES OF 17 NEW AQUACULTURE PROJECTS SINCE 2014



HAMBURG - KOB FARM IN EASTERN CAPE

Project Highlight

Since Operation Phakisa this DAFF driven project has:

- Installed a new feed shed (Feb 2017).
- Appointed an implementer over three years to administer the pilot until 2019 (R9.5 million through EPWP programme)
- Hired an additional employee and sustained the 22 employees from the cooperative.
- Finalised a business plan for expansion of the farm, from pilot to commercial phase (to attract investor interests).
- Through the Syazama Trust, the farm sold its first harvest to the Cape
 Town Fish Market at the V&A waterfront in Cape Town.







DST/SU: KOB FARM IN RICHARDS BAY

- 22 tons of first market size dusky kob harvested in Richards Bay in June/July 2017.
- Fish size ranged from 1.1 to 1.6kg
- Food safety criteria were tested and met.
- Market testing and analysis currently been done on harvested product.



Project Highlight







AFRICAN OLIVE TRADING

Project Highlight



African Olive Trading opened its processing facility in Veldrift on 1 March 2017.

This processing plant created 47 new jobs (40 factory workers; 7 managers)

It is a BEE level one project and has also added 5 additional rafts on the farm.





Small Harbours Development

MAP OF DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS STATE COASTAL PROPERTIES





Coastal and Marine Tourism



COASTAL AND MARINE TOURISM HIGHLIGHTS

COASTAL AND MARINE TOURISM



Potential GDP contribution of R21,4 billion Creating 116 000 jobs by 2026

The Coastal and Marine Tourism Implementation Plan was approved by Cabinet in August 2017. This plan contains tourism projects integrated projects with the creative industries and cultural heritage. Opportunities include enterprise development such as local supplier development (arts and craft and beach front business), access to markets, skills development, and improved infrastructure.

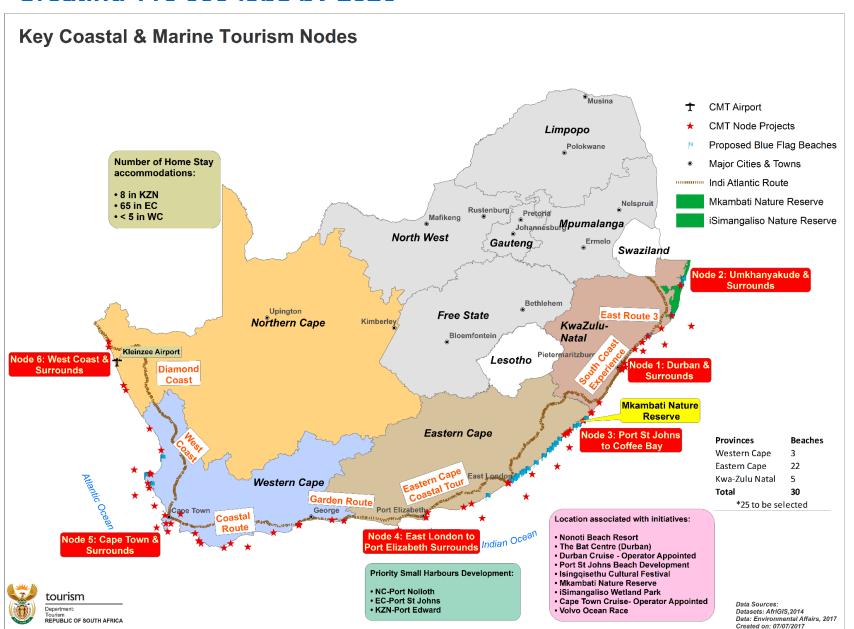
COASTAL AND MARINE TOURISM LAB ASPIRATIONS



To grow a world class and sustainable coastal and marine tourism destination that leverages South Africa's competitive advantages in nature, culture, and heritage



Coastal and Marine Tourism: Potential GDP contribution of R21.4 bn Creating 116 000 jobs by 2026



SKILLS DEVELOPMENT AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Led by Department of Higher Education and Training

The Oceans Economy is supported by a co-ordinated, national maritime skills development plan.

The South African International Maritime Institute (SAIMI)

manages and co-ordinates five working groups, bringing together

education and training providers, Oceans Economy Delivery Units,

industry representatives and academic

specialists in order to develop an integrated

national plan.



Key aspects for successful implementation

- Formalised institutional structures and Governance arrangements.
- Cooperation / Collaboration / Coordination.
- Dedicated capacity.
- Monitoring and Reporting.
- Unblocking / Issue resolution mechanism.
- Stakeholder involvement and ownership.

Sustainability

- Focus Area: Marine Protection Services and Ocean Governance.
- Integrated environmental considerations into all Focus Areas.
- Environmental Impacts Environmental Impact Assessments (EIAs) / Strategic Environmental Assessments (SEAs).
- Aquaculture sector: Implementation of regulations species.
- Oil and Gas Sector: Enhancing the capacity of the oil and gas regulator; Joint industry/Government emergency response drills / Joint research.







Sustainability



Marine Protection Services and Ocean Governance

MARINE PROTECTION SERVICES AND OCEAN GOVERNANCE

Integrated Ocean Governance and Protection

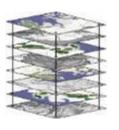
Integrated Framework & Governance



Ocean Protection



Marine Spatial Planning



Oceans Economy Secretariat

 Established to ensure implementation of Oceans Economy initiatives.

Draft Marine Spatial Planning Bill

- Draft Bill published.
- To be finalised during 2017/18

Enhanced and coordinated enforcement

Sovereignty and marine living resources.

Marine Protected Areas

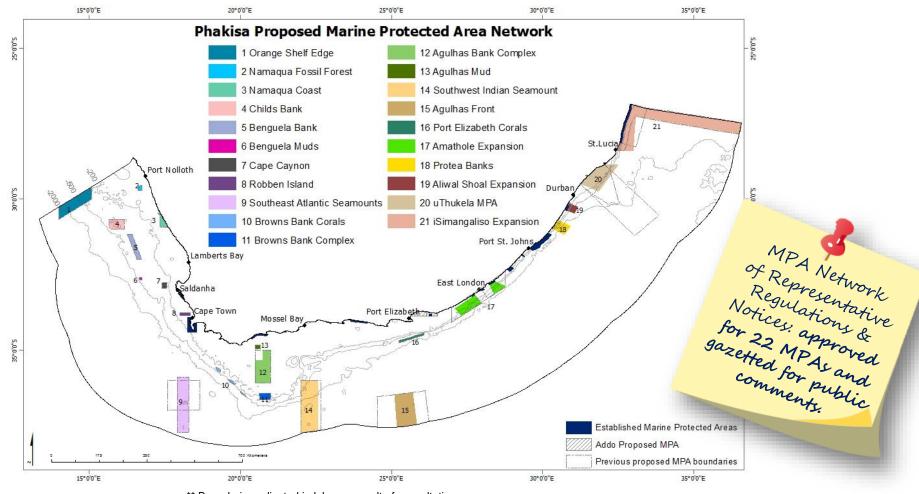
18 out of 22 proposed MPA's advanced.

National Framework on Marine Spatial Planning

- The National Framework on Marine Spatial Planning gazetted on 26 May 2017.
- To commence development of regional and subregional Marine Spatial Management Plans.



MARINE PROTECTION AND OCEAN GOVERNANCE OCEAN PROTECTION:



** Boundaries adjusted in lab as a result of consultations

Challenges:

- Current engagements: Fisheries and Mining sectors trade-offs.
- Geographical scope.
- Access and opportunities / consultation.











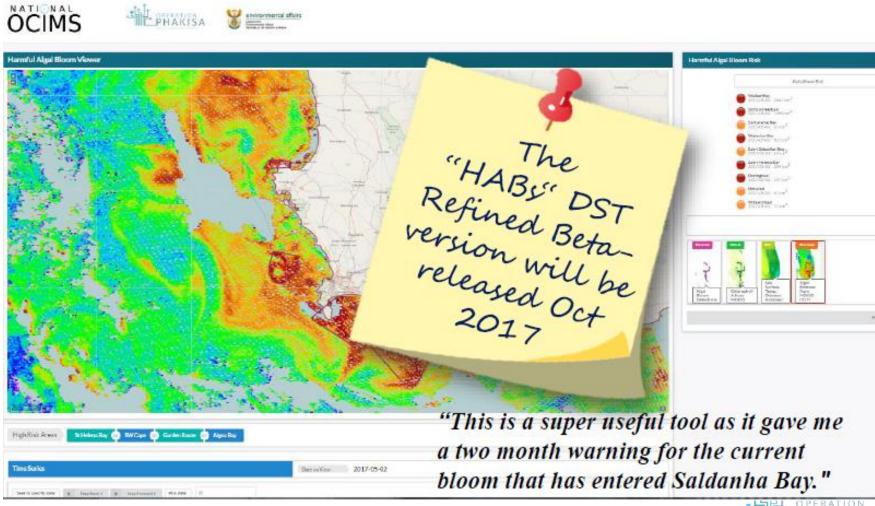
WHAT IS THE NATIONAL OCEANS AND COASTAL INFORMATION MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

The National Oceans and Coastal Information Management System (National OCIMS) is a locally relevant and globally cognisant technological solution that supports the ecological conservation and economic potential of South Africa's oceans and coasts through

DECISION SUPPORT TOOLS

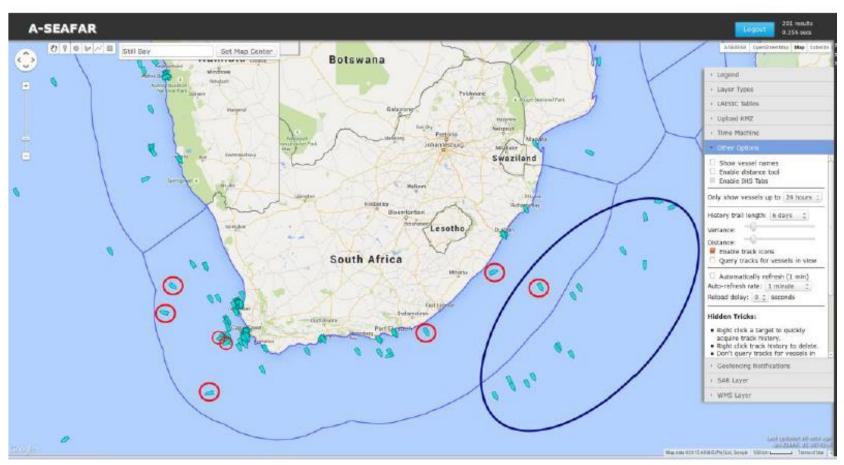


HARMFUL ALGAL BLOOMS DST: TO SUPPORT THEME 3 ("AQUACULTURE")



VESSEL TRACKING SYSTEM

ILLEGAL FOREIGN FISHING VESSELS







MARINE PROTECTION SERVICES AND OCEAN GOVERNANCE

National oceans and coast water quality management.

- The National Pollution Laboratory (NPL) is established, hosted and operated by the Walter Sisulu University (WSU) Mthatha Campus.
- Collection and analysis of samples from the coastal provinces with sampling already extended to KwaZulu-Natal during February 2018 using the Mobile Lab Unit.







Thank you

"The sea, the great unifier, is man's only hope. Now, as never before, the old phrase has a literal meaning: we are all in the same boat"

Jacques Yves Cousteau