

10TH ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT LEKGOTLA | 18 - 21 NOVEMBER 2024 | KZN

Evaluating system cost – the nexus of technical and financial data in the waste sector – gaining a deeper understanding of the waste circular economy and the compliance and enforcement interface

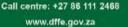
**Aiden Bowers** 

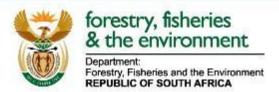
DFFE (Waste Management Bureau)



















#### Key messages

- Lack of compliance has systemic impacts on the funding and implementation of SWM policy, particularly moving towards a circular economy
- Waste systems are not considered holistically, which may lead to non-optimal solutions especially as landfills reach the end of their lifespan
- Full cost accounting for municipal SWM services is not generally practiced.
  - This leads to underinvestment in the service, underpricing (particularly the real cost of disposal) and deterioration in performance.

#### **Emerging vulnerabilities (SWM in Metros)**

Waste management remains an under-prioritised service

Available data and reporting are not fit for purpose

There is little publicly available reporting on compliance performance where waste management activities are carried out

Poor fleet management has systemic impacts

Weak economic performance and narrowing fiscal headroom will constrain the transition to a circular economy

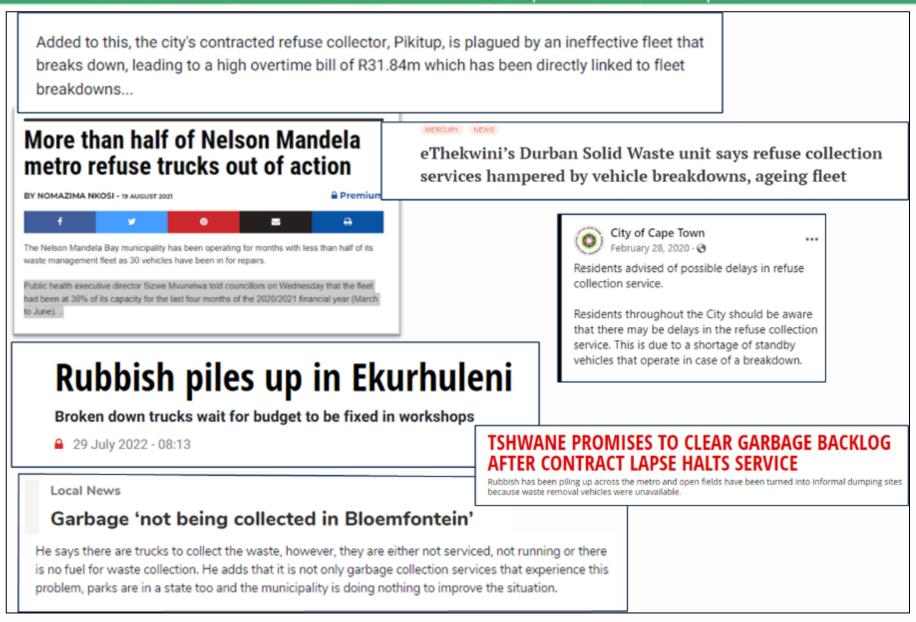
The lack of airspace in several metros represents a significant near-term operational risk

Metros are not institutionally structured or capacitated for waste diversion



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**Asset** management deficiencies (fleet and airspace) have systemic impacts on service delivery







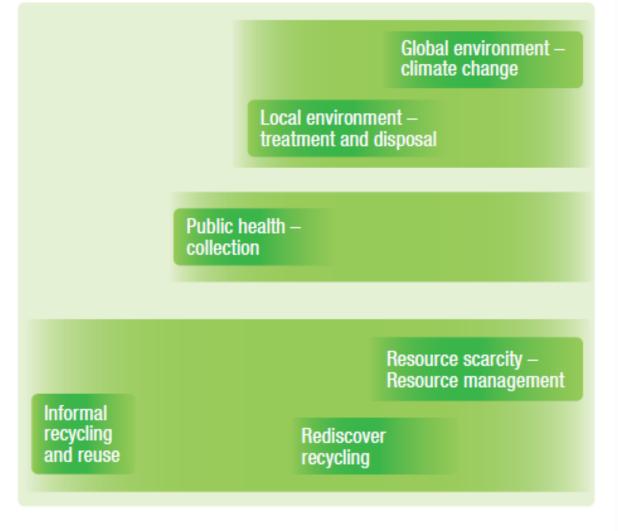
## The drivers of SWM

Environmental protection

Public health

Policy shift

Resource value of the waste

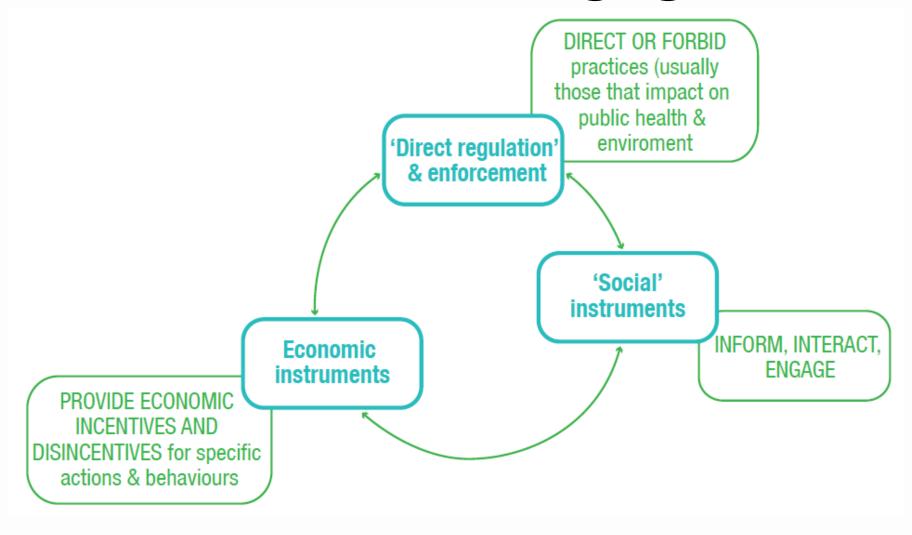


1020 1850 1970 1990 2000 2010 2020

Source: GWMO 2015



#### Our toolkit for managing SWM





## Social costs, private costs and externalities in environmental economics

#### Social cost = private cost + externalities

- The social cost is what it costs society as a whole to manage waste
- The private cost is the cost to a household or business for their waste
- **Externalities** are what society pays for waste management that is not internalised in the cost to users



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#### THE WIZARD OF ID by Brant Parker & Johnny Hart 62003 CREATORS EVADICATE, INC. WWW.CREATORS.COM ISN'T THIS CANYON ... OVR SEARCH BEAUTIFUL? YESS!! FOR A LANDFILL IS OVER! PARKEP



## Social costs, private costs and externalities in environmental economics

#### Social cost = private cost + externalities

- low private costs will mean society pays a high price in externalities (typically health and pollution effects).
- It is therefore imperative that prices for waste management are set correctly. This not only reduces externalities but prevents overuse of scarce resources such as landfill airspace (form of tragedy of the commons)



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Picture: C. Laude, RWA (Hulene Dumpsite, Maputo)



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Picture: News24 (29 June 2022)

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## Waste disposal – regulation, non-compliance, tragedy

- There are stringent regulations governing waste disposal in SA and serve the purpose of reducing external costs of landfilling - 'command and control'
- Landfills impose societal costs (externalities)
- Externalities are higher where regulations are not adhered to/enforced
- Non-compliance with regulations means lower costs for disposal (because less resources are allocated) and in turn lower private costs to landfill users.



Unfortunately, Larry had always approached from the side that wasn't posted, and a natural phenomenon was destroyed before anyone could react.



## Underpriced airspace as an implicit tax on alternative SWM options

- When landfill disposal is cheap, businesses and consumers are incentivized to dispose of waste in landfills rather than using recycling, composting, or other recovery methods
- In economic terms, this setup creates a "negative subsidy" or "implicit tax" on recycling and other waste-diversion options
- This indirect tax effect suppresses investment in alternative infrastructure and innovation, reducing the overall competitiveness and adoption of more sustainable practices.



## Moving towards full cost accounting is about balance

### Full cost accounting/full cost recovery

Systematic approach to identifying and quantifying the full cost involved in providing a service

Ensure that tariff services are adequately funded over the long term, resulting in an efficient, sustainable and reliable service

#### **Affordability**

Waste management services have to be affordable to the citizens of the city and ultimately to the country

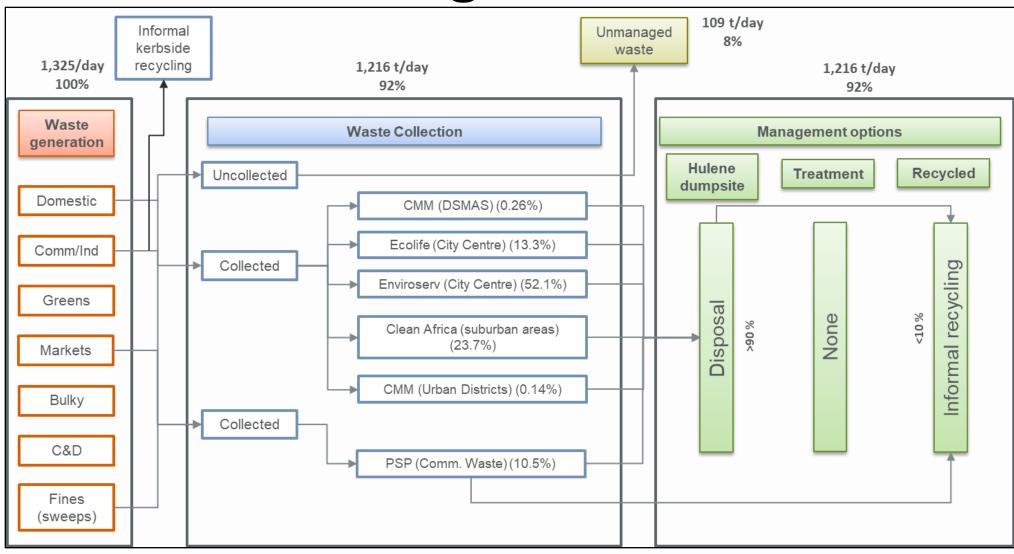


#### How do we know what the 'correct price' is?

- Good quality data is the foundation of planning and preparation for the transition away from landfill
- A baseline analysis of the current system should be undertaken, with primary data inputs:
  - Waste mass flows through the system
  - Financial information related to the handling of waste in each part of the system
- This requires weighbridges at waste management facilities and a data capture system that can attribute contextual information to vehicles weighed
- Financial transactions should be captured in accordance with standard accounting frameworks



#### Understanding waste flows







## Attributing important detail to weighbridge data (CCT example)

XUUUsageHeport 202														
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CA660089	19-Apr-23	10:14:34	08:51:49		200	168.1	VHKD754946	Mixwaste	VHK	MONTAGUE GAR	FVHKB143	PRIVATE	PRIVATE	LDV 1t
CAA362233	04-Apr-23	11:35:57	12:03:46		500	445.4	VHKD753842	Clothing/rags	VHK	PAROW	VHKB143	PRIVATE	PRIVATE	LDV 1t
CEY43262	03-Apr-23	11:54:02	14:58:04		100	168.1	VHKD753790	Mixwaste	VHK	CAPE TOWN	VHKB143	PRIVATE	PRIVATE	LDV 1t
CEY43262	11-Apr-23	11:20:17	14:50:01		100	168.1	VHKD754210	Mixwaste	VHK	CAPE TOWN	VHKB143	PRIVATE	PRIVATE	LDV 1t
CF151575	25-Apr-23	09:02:03	09:30:29		360	336.2	VHKD755026	Mixwaste	VHK	EPPING			PRIVATE	T/RoRo/Skip 6x4
CY14424	12-Apr-23	09:27:32	14:35:39		2780	2672.4	VHKD754290	Asbestos	VHK	CAPE TOWN	VHKB143	PRIVATE	PRIVATE	T/Tip 6.6 - 8.5t
CY201350	20-Apr-23	09:45:10	08:50:46		3840	2688.4	VHKD754948	Mixwaste	VHK	MALMESBURY F	VHKB143	PRIVATE	PRIVATE	T/Flatbed 3.6 - 4.
CY262717	21-Apr-23	08:21:40	08:57:56		21200	14282.2	VHKD754837	Mixwaste	VHK	EPPING			PRIVATE	Tractor Hauler Al
CY310019	08-Apr-23	10:28:43	08:55:30		200	168.1	VHKD754149	Mixwaste	VHK	MILNERTON	VHKB143	PRIVATE	PRIVATE	T/Flatbed 4.5 - 6.
CY367143	13-Apr-23	10:26:50	11:00:29		18880	12769.9	VHKD754343	Mixwaste	VHK	EPPING	VHKB143	PRIVATE	PRIVATE	Tractor Hauler Al
CY44117	28-Apr-23	09:11:01	09:44:36		20080	13610.1	VHKD755218	Mixwaste	VHK	EPPING	VHKB143	PRIVATE	PRIVATE	Tractor Hauler Al
CCT33093	24-Apr-23	14:07:27	14:20:28	1001053184	140	222.7	VHKD755008	Clothing/rags	VHK	MITCHELLS PLA	18060058	CITY OF CAPE 1	(CITY OF CAPE )	LDV 1t
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CAA102348	07-Apr-23	12:18:36	12:40:21	13241777	340	336.2	VHKD754083	Mixwaste	VHK	DELFT	1000484078	A CAMERON	A CAMERON	T/Tip 6.6 - 8.5t
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CAA102348	10-Apr-23	08:00:07	08:10:14	13241777	560	504.3	VHKD754107	Mixwaste	VHK	DELFT	1000484078	A CAMERON	A CAMERON	T/Tip 6.6 - 8.5t
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CAA102348	22-Apr-23	12:49:35	12:59:54	13241777	420	336.2	VHKD754938	Mixwaste	VHK	DELFT	1000484078	A CAMERON	A CAMERON	T/Tip 6.6 - 8.5t
CAA102348	24-Apr-23	07:10:15	07:23:27	132417771	140	168.1	VHKD754941	Mixwaste	VHK	DELFT	1000484076	A CAMERON	A CAMERON	T/Tip 6.6 - 8.5t
CAA265074	13-Apr-23	09:02:50	09:36:09	13241777	13400	12025.8	VHKD754317	Premix	VHK	DOCKS	1000484076	A CAMERON	A CAMERON	T/RoRo/Skip 6x4
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CAA265074	29-Apr-23	09:50:40	10:38:37	13241777		23606.2	VHKD755302	Premix	VHK	DOCKS	1000484078	A CAMERON	A CAMERON	T/RoRo/Skip 6x4
CF202966	03-Apr-23	11:51:53	12:31:04	134861527	1200	1113.5	VHKD753752	Asbestos	VHK	HANOVER PARK	1000706602	2 PARADIGMICON	N: PARADIGMICO	LDV 1s
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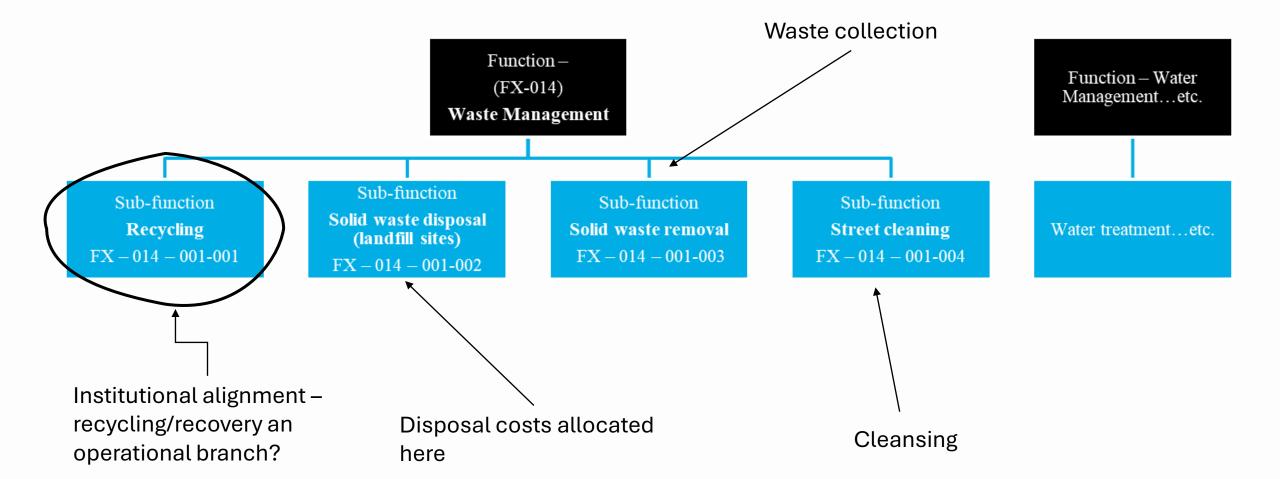
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# Understa nding the system and its costs

	Scheduled lifts/week	Tons per annum	Rm/annum	R/ton
Collections (direct cost)	Formal HHs 800,000	649 487	876,6	1 403
Collections (S@S packaging)	23% of HHs 198 000	Into MRFs ???	ŚŚŚ	ŚŚŚ
Drop-offs	N/a*	209 269\$	129,5	619
Packaging (recovery)	23% of HHs 198 000	Diverted (out of MRF) 26 454	ŚŚŚ	\$ \$ \$
Greens diversion/rubble (commercial)	N/a	107 467**	54.2 <sup>\$\$</sup>	505
Disposal	N/a	1 537 956***	497,7	324



#### Making a start – using existing tools better



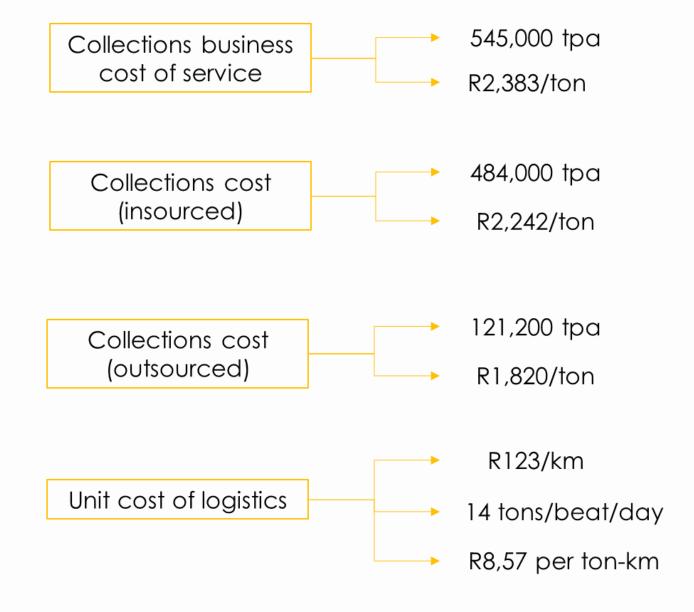
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Collection costs (direct Direct cost of Direct cost of Direct cost of collection O&M costs and overhead) costs (incl. direct ancillary collection collection and (fleet) costs) (insourced) disposal (insourced) R183.7m R183.7m R183.7m R876.6m R183.7m Technical **Technical Technical** Technical Direct costs of services costs services costs services costs services costs service R209.4m R209.4m R209.4m R573.1m Staff costs Staff costs R183.7m Staff costs (90% Allocated related to waste costs\*\* collection) R242.4m R242.4m R362/ton R1,450m Disposal costs Disposal costs R393.1m R635.5m R2,232/ton R776/ton R172.8m Contract collections R1,254/ton Waste collection (mass) data – FY 2019 City collected: \* E.g. R136.6m 506,600 tons in FY 2018/19 Appropriations. 685,975 Scheduled Departmental lifts/week (including pro-rated unallocated lifts) other expenditure, Ancillary costs\* 142,887 tans in FY 2018/19 (pro-rata - assumes average bin mass whether internal or insurances \*\* E.g. Support 188,680 Scheduled Contract litts/week (including pro-rated unallocated litts) services, cross Total mass of waste collected (formal households) R876.6m subsidisation 649.487 tons in FY 2018/19 Total scheduled lifts per annum = 874,654\*52 = 45,482,008 Average mass/scheduled lift = 14,3 kg R1,350/ton



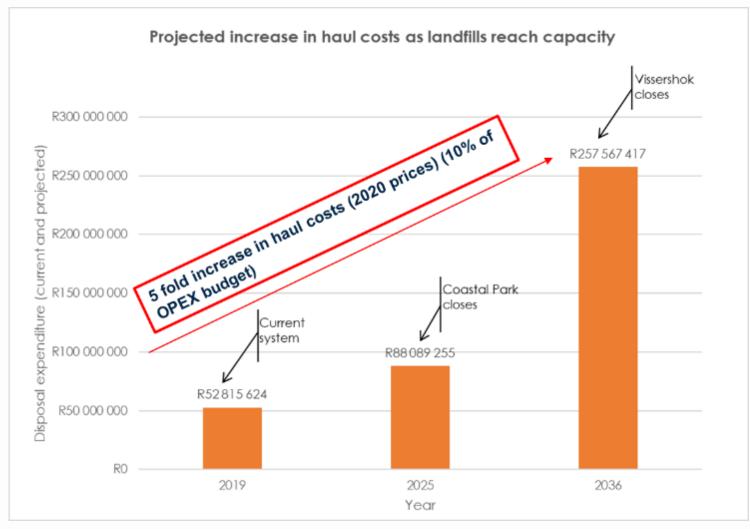
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Metrics for benchmarking and baseline for y/y improvements



#### The interplay of waste infrastructure and

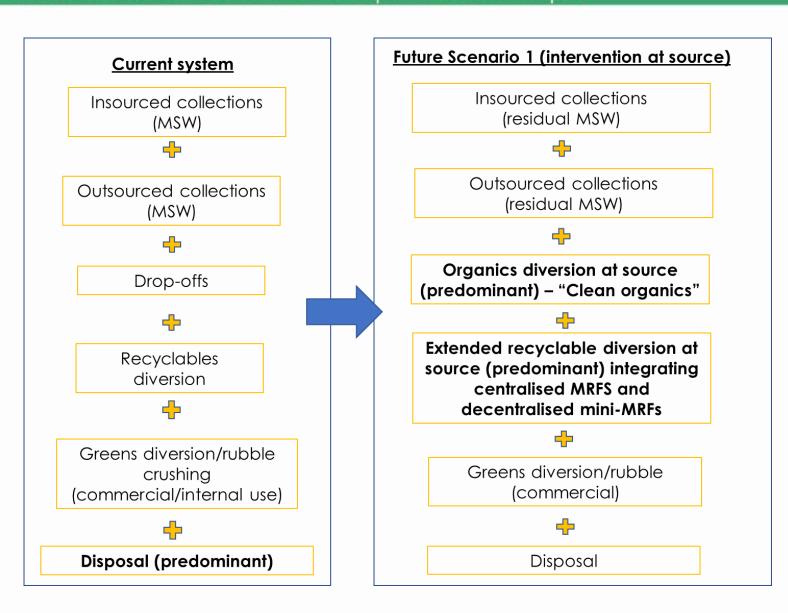
logistics costs





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## Full cost accounting for future planning





#### What is being done improve the system?

- A compliance and enforcement committee/ forum has been conceptualized for the TOP 40 largest, operational, public and private sector landfills
- The waste management sector in these metros should be investable with little state and/or financial support should the market failures be addressed
- Waste flagship programme, using waste management charges, to crowd in private investors in waste infrastructure

#### Reform of Metro trading services

- National Treasury is leading a programme to incentivise the turnaround in the performance of metro trading services
  - Institutional reforms
  - Finance reforms
  - Grant reforms
- Performance-based finance incentive
  - Grant value: R54bn over 6 years
  - Leverage: R54bn over 6 years (metro internally generated funds own source revenue, borrowing)

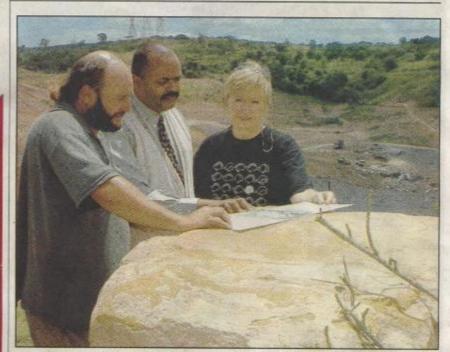
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Pictures from DSW (Bisasar Road Landfill)

PAGE 8 DAILY NEWS FRIDAY NOVEMBER 29 2002

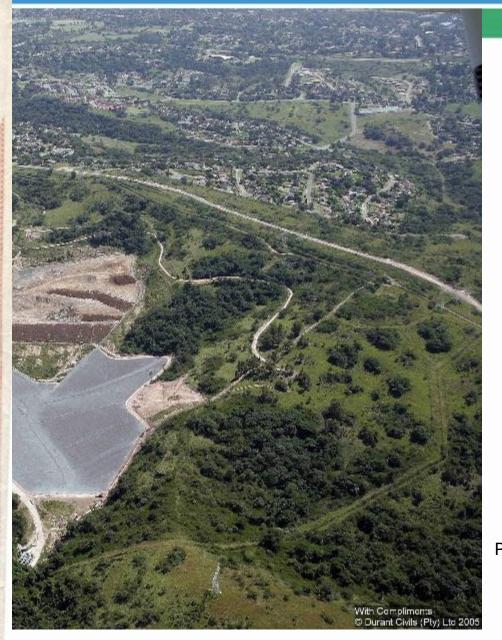
#### **NEWS**



RICHARD Winn, Raymond Rampersad and Jean Lindsay review the latest plans for Durban's "green" rubbish dump

## From rubbish dump to nature reserve

Site gives regular educational visits to schools



Pictures from DSW (Mariannhill Landfill)



Highway Mail 22 April 2005. 7

## havoc i

### Rubbis Control on odour

DSW's team of engineers have been working with advanced South-westerly technology to combat odour trails

#### BARBARA COLE

EANINE and Michel Fanucci are used to causing a stink about the "putrid" smell that comes from the nearby Mariannhill landfill site

But now they say they have had enough of the "gagging" stench that wafts over, into their home, whenever there is a south-westerly wind blowing.

"It's pungent, like having the worst rotten garbage inside your back door. You can't open the windows and can't even drink a cup of tea," fumed Jeanine Fanucci.

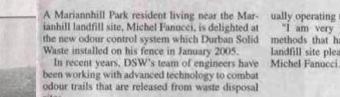
And their neighbours in the Mariannhill Park suburb near

"You have no idea. It's absolutely disgusting," said neigh-

"It's a beautiful area, but when the south-westerly wind is blowing and that overwhelming smell comes from the landfill site, you just can't go out-

Another neighbour, Butch Duvenhage, who moved to the area recently, said he would not have bought there if he had

Down in the dumps .



The odour control system installed on the Fannucis' fence comprises of a dosing pump that feeds an odour neutralising chemical to water.

The system then pumps the diluted chemical through a set of very fine nozzles. The diluted chemical is then rapidly dispersed into the air and helps neutralise bad odours.

"Associated with landfills are localized weather patterns, that if correctly understood, can be never smell it," said project manager Lindsay Strachan, project manager for DSW.

A now satisfied Fanucci was once a long standing opposer to the Mariannhill landfill de-

"The landfill made living in the area almost unbearable. A south westerly wind carried with it a terribly offensive odour which wafted into my house. Having to entertain guests became unbearable as my wife, Jeanine and I had to constantly make excuses about the odour," said Michel Fanucci

At present Fanucci has no problem with man-yard.

ually operating the dosing pump from his home.

"I am very pleased by DSW's high-science methods that have helped make living near the landfill site pleasant for me and my family," said

#### RESPOND

According to Strachan, DSW is currently implementing the infrastructure to automate the odour control system so that it can respond to telemetrically sent weather data signals.

"Odour emissions linked to local weather patterns on the Mariannhill landfill have been so accurately modeled that DSW is now able to predict ahead of time when and where the odour utilised to ensure the public living near a landfill will be. This advancement has enabled DSW to introduce the odour control system as a pilot project and the Fannuci's were cooperative enough to allow us to install the spraying system on their fence as a means of testing our apparatus," said Aiden Bowers, DSW landfill operations engineer.

According to Bowers, once the system is automated it will be known as the Satellite Odour Control System and it will be the first of its kind to be controlled via telementry linked to the weather station and PC in the resident's yard.

This will allow for the prediction of an odour plume and activation of the system in the residents



From left: Melvan Govender, Mariannhill Landfill site supervisor, Michel Fanucci, Jeanine Fanucci and Aiden Bowers, DSW operations engineer.

Externalities can be reduced but requires additional investment!



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#### **THANK YOU**















